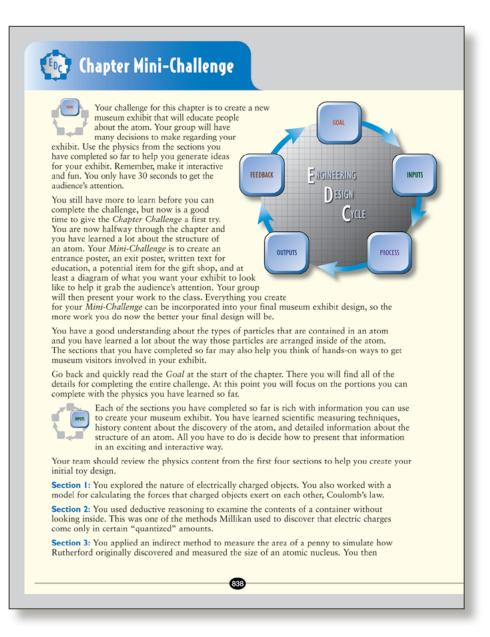
## **Chapter Mini-Challenge**

This section reviews the main challenge for the students, emphasizing that their structural display of the atom should be interactive and fun. Students are urged to use the physics they have learned so far to generate fresh ideas that grab their audience's attention. They are also reminded of the many decisions their group will have to face for producing their *Mini-Challenge*.

Review the list of requirements for the *Chapter Challenge*. Ask students to start working on initial drafts for their entrance and exit posters and the written text explaining the structure of an atom. Stress that their diagrams should be skillfully tied to their explanations, and that the gift item they choose should be something people would purchase. Reiterate that students can choose to incorporate their work for the *Mini-Challenge* into their final museum exhibit.

Divide students into groups to prepare for their *Mini-Challenge*. As they begin their work, ask them to review their *Goal* and focus on the parts of the challenge that they can presently address. Emphasize that all the information presented should be filled with exciting and interactive techniques that familiarize the audience to the structure of an atom.

To give students ideas that they can channel into their own creative techniques, develop an interactive way of collecting



information that can be used for the *Input* phase. During a review of the information presented in the student text for each section, ask students to record in their logs what they can recall from each section that they have studied so far.

Suggest that they make a concept map of important physics concepts and draw diagrams to illustrate those concepts. Ask them to share their information with their classmates during the *Process* phase so that they can work together to develop ideas for their design of an atom. Encourage students to divide different parts of the challenge among their group members so that they can move forward at a faster pace, accomplishing their tasks within a required time frame. Point out that effective communication, as outlined in

compared your results to the actual value for the area of a penny and explored the ratio of the size of a nucleus to the size of an atom.

**Section 4:** You examined the different colors of light that are emitted by a specific atom when it is energized. You also learned how each atom can be identified by the colors of light it gives off because the type of light depends on the arrangement of electrons in each particular atom.



This challenge has a lot of products that you are responsible for creating. While you are not required to create the actual museum exhibit, models and diagrams will be very useful to help you explain your ideas. Models can also be very helpful in helping your design round decide on which design ideas you will actually include it your exhibit. For

design team decide on which design ideas you will actually include in your exhibit. For the Mini-Challenge as previously mentioned, you should create the entrance poster, the exit poster, written text for education, a potential item for the gift shop, and at least a diagram of what you want your exhibit to look like to help it grab the audience's attention. You might find it useful to assign one "product" to each member of your group to help ensure that each one gets completed. You can work together to develop the content, but having a product champion makes sure that someone is concentrating on each piece of the requirements.

During this challenge, time will be an important constraint for your team. It is difficult to complete so many different tasks in a short period of time. Communicating effectively with the members of your group will be essential. You may also find that in order to meet the presentation deadline you have to move forward with a design idea that is not perfect or completely thought out. The process will be stressful, so it is important to communicate often and as clearly as possible and to be accepting of others in your group. Collaboration on a project is difficult, collaboration on a short schedule is very difficult, and you will need the support of each one of your group members to be successful.



Presenting your information to the class is your design cycle *Output*. For the *Mini-Challenge* you should have a lot of products to present. If you create a model of each product you will find it much easier to explain your ideas. Models will also make your presentation more interesting to watch. Don't forget that the accuracy and completeness of your written educational information is also an important output of your presentation.



Your classmates will give you *Feedback* on the accuracy and the overall appeal of your exhibit idea and the different models you used to help present it. This *Feedback* will become an *Input* for your final design in the *Chapter Challenge*. You will have enough time to make corrections and improvements, so you will want to pay attention to the valuable information they provide.

Remember to correct any parts of your design that didn't meet the design goals of the Mini-Challenge. It will be harder to remember what you need to change if you wait until the chapter is complete to go back and correct your mistakes. When you are finished revising, store all of your information in a safe place so that it will be ready to use in the Chapter Challenge.

During the second half of the chapter you will learn more details about the structure of the atom and some of the methods scientists used to discover the properties of these "invisible" particles. As you complete the chapter, remember to add ideas to your entry and exit poster as well as to add educational materials to your exhibit. You may also use one of these new sections to inspire more interactive ideas for your exhibit.



the student text, is vital to handling a project that has many design elements.

As the *Output* of the *Mini-Challenge* approaches, reinforce the importance of models in explaining content. Let students know that you will expect their presentation to be accurate and complete, and that when they receive *Feedback* from their classmates, they should carefully

review comments so that they can use the constructive criticism to correct or modify parts of their design and revise their strategies to make an effective presentation for their *Chapter Challenge*.